



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

paragraph, "at the indifference with which the prospect of a war seems to be regarded by the public press and the community. We should have thought that the bare mention of the event would have been met by a universal burst of indignation and horror. War is a state so full of evil, so anti-democratic in its tendency, so fraught with injustice, rage, cruelty and rapine, and so fruitful in wide-spread and lasting distress, that it can be looked upon only as the greatest of curses. It is a curse to the commercial prosperity, to the public honor, to the domestic peace, to the moral feelings of the parties to it. It is a brutal and barbarous resort, below the dignity of human nature, and a disgrace to civilization."

PECUNIARY FOLLIES OF THE WAR-SYSTEM.

The Boundary Question.—The whole territory in dispute between us and England, comprises about seven million acres, two millions of which, worth not more at most than \$1,000,000, were awarded by King William of Holland to Great Britain, and for which a pretty full equivalent was to be given us in a strip of land, three miles wide, and including a fort erected by us during the last war, across the whole northern line of Vermont and New York. Had Maine consented to that award, she might have received, as a sort of douceur, government lands in Michigan worth some millions; but her refusal has lost her all that, and has also cost her and the country a million or two more already. She has been keeping an armed posse on the disputed territory, at an annual expense of \$50,000; a measure which its very supporters now admit to have been useless.

Florida War.—Probably one or two millions, offered in the spirit of peace, would have bought out all the Indians in Florida; but besides the forty millions, or more, already wasted in that cruel and contemptible war, we find our Secretary of War urging Congress forthwith to make the following appropriations for its prosecution:

For the Quarter-master's department,	\$1,000,000
" " Commissary-General's subsistence,	222,421
" pay of one thousand five hundred mounted volunteers,	489,010
" " five hundred foot volunteers,	77,206
" " arrears for Florida militia in 1840,	221,244
" " " for a battalion of Georgia volunteers in 1840,	38,446
" the ordnance department,	30,000
" " medical department,	16,000
	<hr/>
	\$2,094,327

Non-Resistance Society.—Our position in reference to this Society we had supposed to be well understand. *Our* sole aim is the abolition of *war between nations*; and as our constitution *restricts* us to this single object, we cannot consistently turn aside from our course either to help or to hinder *any* other enterprise. As a society, we

have expressed no opinion, one way or the other, of this new movement; but simply apprized the public, when disposed to confound us with them, that the two societies are entirely distinct. We could not do less; and we have had no desire to do more. We would not throw a straw in the way of their operations; and we ask in return, that we may be left to pursue unmolested our own appropriate object. We shall rejoice to see the unrelenting, unresisting spirit of the gospel diffused by their influence,—the more, the better; and, should war ever come, we should expect to find them the staunchest friends of our cause, a Spartan band, ready to throw themselves into the last Thermopylæ of peace.

FUNDS—very much needed at present for objects like the following: 1. For the employment of more persons in our service. We have not now the means of pledging a support to a single person in any department. 2. For the gratuitous circulation of our periodical, which ought to be scattered broad-cast through the land. 3. For reprinting works already on hand. We have nine tracts and several volumes stereotyped; but they are almost entirely out of print, and we have no means of issuing any more. 4. For publishing new works. We have several in readiness, and wish especially to furnish popular books for schools and juvenile libraries. None of these departments can be sustained without money. It would cost more than six thousand dollars to put a single tract at one cent a piece in every family of New England alone, and thirty or forty thousand dollars for the whole land, besides a still greater sum to carry on all our other operations aright. We do not ask so much; but cannot the friends of peace furnish some ten thousand dollars a year?

MR. LADD'S TOUR.—Mr. Ladd's incessant and excessive labors in our cause compelled him, when at Canandaigua, N. Y., to take his bed for several weeks. He has since resumed his work; but he will not be able to proceed farther west than Buffalo. We intended to give a somewhat extended account of his tour; but we must defer it for the present, though our readers will find in a preceding article a very interesting sketch from his pen during his present tour.

OUR ANNIVERSARY—will occur in Boston during the last week in May. Arrangements are in train to render it unusually interesting. We would invite the attendance of delegates and friends from abroad.

[April, 1841.]

MISTAKES ABOUT THE ADVOCATE.—The utmost diligence cannot always prevent these; and some of our last, that were expected by subscribers in packages, went by mail, not through our own fault. If not yet received, they will be found at the post-office.

London Herald of Peace, for January, 1841, received too late for extracts or special notice in our present number. Our brethren in England are prosecuting their work with vigor; and from their mission to France at this juncture, we hope for good results.

QF **Donors.**—We mean to be prompt in acknowledging their favors; but, from causes not always under our control, delay is often unavoidable.

Receipts to March 15.

<i>Lowell</i> , in addition, from individuals, \$15 00	<i>Providence</i> , John Kingsbury,	3 00
contributed at monthly concert in	H. P. Knight,.....	2 00
2d Congregational church,.....	V. C. Bates,.....	2 00
<i>West Chester</i> , N. H., D. Currier,	James Eames,.....	2 00
Benjamin Chase,.....	S. J. Wardwell,.....	2 00
John Clark,.....	Warren S. Green,.....	2 00
Hugh Crombie,.....	W. S. King,.....	2 00
from other individuals,.....	Parris Hill,.....	2 00
\$20 of which to constitute Rev.	R. H. Ives,.....	2 00
BENJAMIN SARGEANT & L. M.	E. W. Fletcher,.....	2 00
Am. Peace Soc.,.....	F. Salisbury,.....	2 00
<i>Chester</i> , N. H., individuals, in part to	Others,	29 00
cons. Rev. J. CLEMENT, L. M.,..	(Of the above, \$21 were from mem-	
<i>West Newbury</i> ,.....	bers of the High St. Church to cons.	
<i>Georgetown</i> ,.....	Rev. Mr. PARKER, L. M. and \$26 from	
<i>Ipswich</i> ,.....	those of Richmond St. Ch. to cons.	
<i>Byfield</i> ,.....	Rev. JONATHAN LEAVITT, L. M.	
<i>Danvers</i> , South, (in addition to \$11 be-	<i>East Bradford</i> , Rev. Mr. Munroe's ch.,	5 25
fore) to constitute Rev. THOMAS	<i>Pownal</i> , Me. E. Thompson and others,	5 00
P. FIELD L. M.,..	<i>Alna</i> , Me.,.....	1 66
<i>Salem</i> , Jonathan Nichols,.....	<i>Portsmouth</i> , N. H. Charlotte Coues, ..	5 00
William Chase,	Samuel Lord,.....	3 00
Others,	<i>Brunswick</i> , Me. Rev. T. C. Upham,..	60 00
<i>Boston</i> ,.....	<i>Portland</i> , Me. Stephen Longfellow, ..	2 00
<i>Amesbury Mills</i> , James Horton,	Samuel Fessenden,.....	2 50
William Chase,	<i>Hudson</i> , N. Y. Elihu Gifford,.....	2 00
Daniel C. Bailey,	<i>Troy</i> , N. Y. a friend,.....	50
W. J. Boardman,.....	Almira Barnes,.....	4 00
Others,	Jacob Merritt,.....	5 00
\$20 of which to cons. Rev. SAM-	<i>Peterboro</i> ', N. Y.,.....	2 44
UEL H. MERRILL L. M.	Gerrit Smith,.....	5 00
<i>Athol</i> , Con. Soc., by Rev. R. M. CHIPMAN, 7 45	<i>Cazenovia</i> , N. Y.,.....	2 03
<i>Newburyport</i> , Robert Bayley,.....	<i>Syracuse</i> , N. Y.,.....	10 66
Robert Bayley, Jr.,	<i>Auburn</i> , N. Y.,.....	8 15
Others,.....	<i>Geneva</i> , N. Y. Jane Lawrence,.....	1 00
<i>Leyden</i> , N. Y. Rev. Reuel Kimball,..	<i>Albany</i> , N. Y.,.....	1 50
<i>Providence</i> , R. I. Rhode Island Peace	in Dr. Welch's congregation,....	7 69
Society, for Advocates,.....	<i>Watertford</i> , N. Y., Judge Doe,.....	5 00
ANTHONY B. ARNOLD, L. M.,..	<i>Utica</i> , N. Y. Rev. Mr. Fowler's church, 17 37	
William Jenkins,.....	Rev. Mr. Torrey's ch.,.....	3 54
Josiah Chapin,.....	to cons. Rev. J. G. FOWLER, L. M.	
J. H. Mason,.....	by ladies of his cong.,.....	20 00
B. Dyer,.....	<i>Hamilton</i> , N. Y. Rev. L. Fletcher's ch.,	21 25
Benjamin White,.....	<i>Beverly</i> , Robert Rantoul, Esq., to cons.	
J. Manton,.....	Mrs. JOANNA RANTOUL, L. M....	20 00
A. C. Burstow,.....	<i>Andover</i> , Peter Smith,.....	10 00
Royal Chapin,.....	<i>Rochester</i> , N. Y.,.....	4 88
Moses B. Ives,.....	<i>Batavia</i> , N. Y.,.....	8 95
W. G. Cross,	Rachel Evans,.....	3 00
Mrs. Ives,		
S. Hutchens,.....		\$733 55